



TEAM FAT STACKS

CorgiKey Demo Presentation

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SPONSOR: Allthenticate



MEET THE TEAM



Adam Yu (Lead)
Cross-Platform Dev



Simon Yu
Mobile Dev



Olivia Gillam
Mobile Dev



Arjun Singh
Authentication



Hunter Massey (Scribe)
Authentication

THE PROBLEM: PASSWORDS

NOT Secure

- Can be stolen by malicious actors through **phishing attacks** and **data breaches**
- Can be bypassed via SIM swapping & other types of attacks

NOT Convenient

- Users burdened with **password memorization & management**
- Password restrictions (e.g. requiring digits, caps, symbols) make the process of coming up with a password cumbersome

NOT Fast

- Two-Factor Authentication (2FA) adds security at the cost of convenience
- Time-consuming process of resetting a password

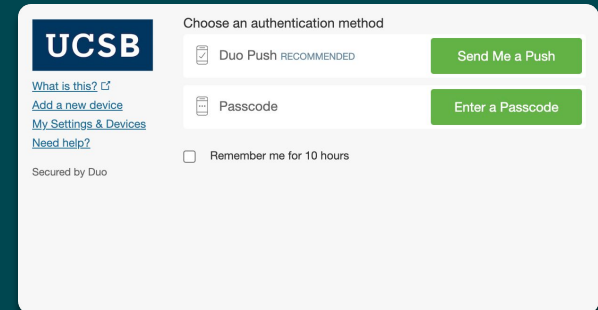
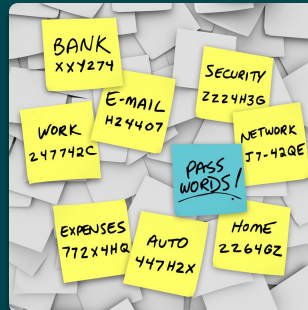
The Uber Hack Exposes More Than Failed Data Security

Sept. 26, 2022

LastPass says it was breached — again

Zack Whittaker @zackwhittaker / 5:17 PM PST • November 30, 2022

Comment



ABOUT 2FA...

According to Uber, having obtained the contractor's password, the hacker sent repeated log-in requests to the contractor's account and was then able to bypass Uber's two-factor log-in authentication—a system where a user is granted access after electronically confirming their identity twice—when the contractor finally accepted the authentication. The hacker was also admitted to the Uber Slack account and posted a message that read: “I announce I am a hacker and Uber has suffered a data breach.”

<https://www.bu.edu/articles/2022/what-you-need-to-know-about-uber-data-breach/>

OUR SOLUTION: REPLACE PASSWORDS

- **CorgKey is a mobile application that acts as a mobile roaming FIDO authenticator**
 - CorgKey combines the **efficiency** of SSO and **security** of 2-factor authentication, while **minimizing the annoyance** that usually comes with combining those two
 - Unlike Duo, which is a secondary authenticator, CorgKey is a **primary authenticator**; simply having a connection between your mobile device and your browser will allow you access to your accounts
 - CorgKey implements the secure **FIDO2 protocol** using the **WebAuthn standard**

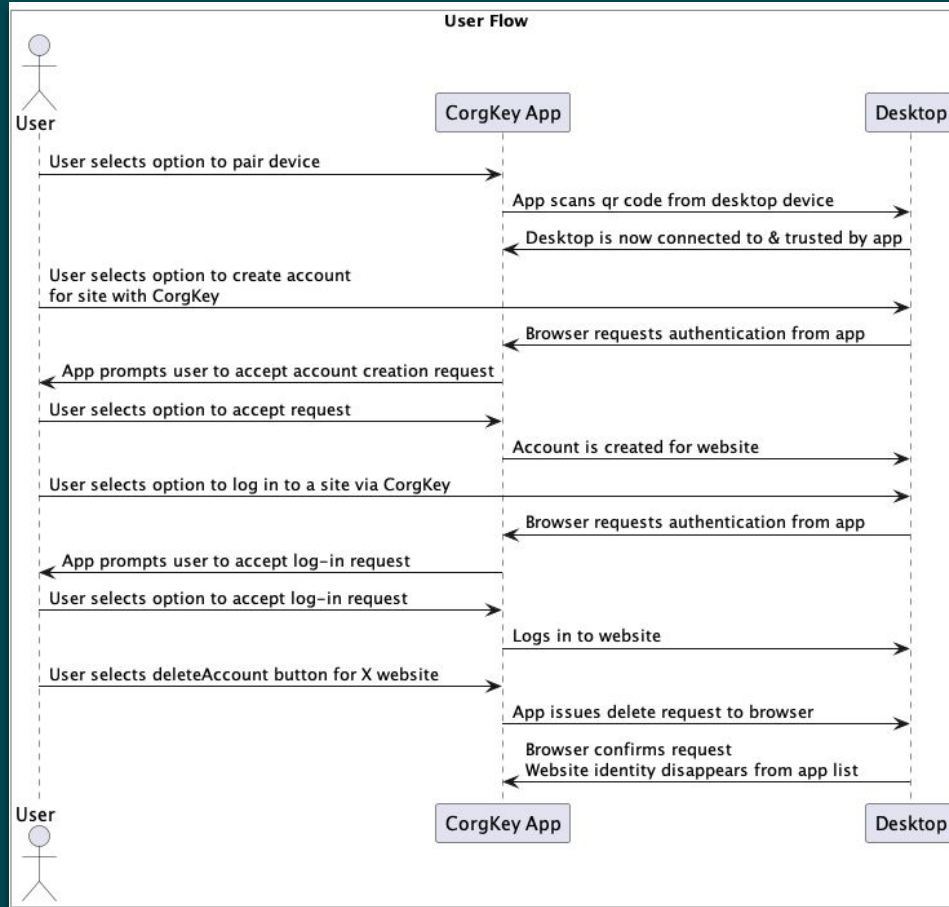


USER FLOW

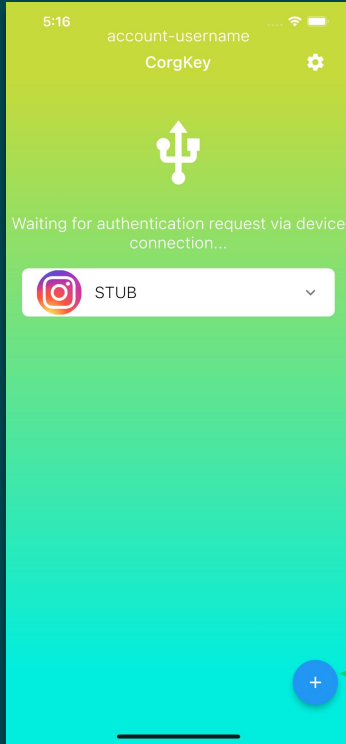
1. Using the CorgKey app, user pairs their phone with their desktop
2. Upon their first visit to a website on their computer, users will be prompted to create an account on their mobile device **without coming up with a password**
3. Upon future visits, users can log into the website by authorizing the attempt on their phone, rather than manually entering their username and password

4. **PROFIT**

USER SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

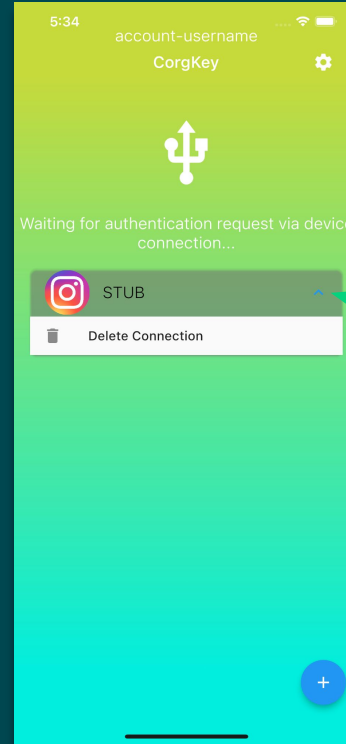


UI Overview



Accounts show up in a ListView on the main screen

(This button is just for testing)

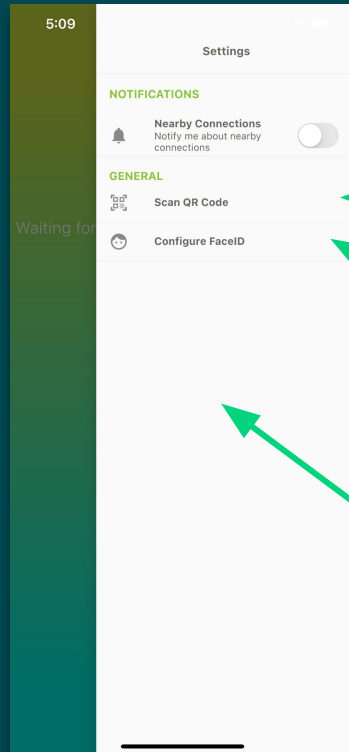


Open Settings drawer

Each account tile will have the options to

- delete account
- edit biometric requirements

UI Overview



Toggle notifications

Click to open camera to scan QR code for account creation

Click to bring up system preferences for allowing app to use face-ID (and/or fingerprint) biometric

TODO: Section to add/edit trusted devices (to allow for automatic logins via BLE)
(So on logins, you wouldn't even need to touch your phone)

CHALLENGES

Turning Phone into an Authenticator

- **Mobile devices are not intrinsically hardware authenticator devices**
 - **Hack** — emulate a hardware authenticator device on the desktop
 - Have the mobile device tell it what to do
- **Increase in scope of project:**
 - Implement a desktop client that receives commands from the mobile device
 - Emulate a USB Hardware Authenticator device within the desktop client
 - Establish a secure pairing process to pair up mobile devices with desktop client



Phone—Desktop—Browser Communication

- **Initially wanted to use USB**
 - Compatibility issues w/ iOS/Lightning connector
 - Phone had to be connected to desktop w/ cable, inconvenient
- **Pivot to Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM)**
 - After being paired, messages can be sent from one device to another using an FCM token
 - Intermediary step: Device A sends messages to a Firestore database, DB uses cloud function to send message to Device B
 - Advantage: it's **wireless!**

UTILIZED TECHNOLOGIES



VIDEO DEMO

Firestore Emulator Suite

Overview Authentication Extensions **Firestore** Realtime Database Storage Logs

Data Requests

Clear all data

messages > stub

Root	messa	stub
+ Start collection	+ Add document	+ Start collection
messages	stub	+ Add field
token		

Webauthn Demo

localhost:54054/#/

Register Login

Pixel 4a

3:56
MON, DEC 5

Calyx VPN Tor Browser TopTube AnkiLy F-Droid

Phone Messages Browser Firefox Camera

Adobe Acrobat

Google Earth Pro

c177_proj3



WHAT'S NEXT?

Flesh out Mobile Application

- Implement planned features
 - Biometric/PIN authentication
 - Local storage of private keys
 - QR code scanning
 - Customizable permissions per connection
 - Persistent storage

Fully Implement Virtual Authenticator

- Use Human Interface Device (HID) specification to emulate hardware authenticator
 - Integrate virtual HID within desktop client

Develop Pairing Process Between Mobile/Desktop

- Generate QR codes that communicate FCM tokens between devices

Forward WebAuthn data through our pipeline

- Challenge + Relying Party ID sent to desktop through WebAuthn API calls
- Forwarded to App, which creates credential from private key



QUESTIONS?



THANK YOU!