



CS177 Computer Security Discussion

Spring 2020 - Week 7

Dongyu (Hector) Meng
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Today

- `minecraft_hello` and `minecraft` (more on `lazy_panel` next week)
- Challenge roadmap
- Know your tools
 - Pwntools (connection, shellcoding)
 - Ghidra
 - GDB



minecraft_hello

- Run it
- How the service is being run on the server?
- Take a look at the source
- Compilation options and *checksec*



minecraft_hello

- *mine* leaks the values on stack
- Overflow *buf* when you leave your name *carefully* (more later)
- Jump to win to get a shell
- Cat the flag



Talk to the program

- Exploit locally before you try remote exploit!
- Talk to the program with *pwntools*

```
from pwn import *  
context(arch = 'i386', os = 'linux')  
context.log_level = "DEBUG"
```

```
r = remote('exploitme.example.com', 31337)  
# r = process('./your_binary')  
r.send(asm(shellcraft.sh()))  
r.interactive()
```



Dig the binary

- Source code is not low-level enough!
- Compiler makes a lot of decisions
- Inspect the binary with ***Ghidra*** (IDA, r2, Binary Ninja)
- Get some intuitions to map things together (run helper)



Things go wrong

- Debug!
- **GDB** is your friend.
- GDB disables ASLR by default, enable follow instructions here:
<https://cysecguide.blogspot.com/2017/10/enable-and-disable-aslr-on-linux-gdb.html>
- Or just use *attach* with pwntools to attach to a running process
- Example



The catch

- In the epilog, the challenge binary does something different from the calling convention introduced in class
- Return address is not a special place on memory!
- *ret* jumps to the address right on top of the stack and pops
- Solve that and you get the challenge



Registers

%rax	
%rbx	
%rcx	0x4
%rdx	0x100
%rdi	
%rsi	

Memory

Word
Address

0x400	0x120
0xF	0x118
0x8	0x110
0x10	0x108
0x1	0x100

```
leaq (%rdx,%rcx,4), %rax
movq (%rdx,%rcx,4), %rbx
leaq (%rdx), %rdi
movq (%rdx), %rsi
```



Registers

%rax	0x110
%rbx	0x8
%rcx	0x4
%rdx	0x100
%rdi	0x100
%rsi	0x1

Memory

	Word Address
0x400	0x120
0xF	0x118
0x8	0x110
0x10	0x108
0x1	0x100

```
leaq (%rdx,%rcx,4), %rax
movq (%rdx,%rcx,4), %rbx
leaq (%rdx), %rdi
movq (%rdx), %rsi
```



minecraft

- *mine* leaks the values on stack
- Find out where the stack is as well as the canary with *mine*
- Overflow *buf* when you leave your name *carefully*
- Leave the shellcode you crafted at the same time
- Jump to shellcode to get a shell
- Cat the flag



Shellcoding with Pwntools

Pwntools shellcraft

<https://docs.pwntools.com/en/stable/shellcraft.html>