Challenges in Service Modeling, Composition, and Analysis

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Web Services: The Big Questions

Simplify and/or automate web service

- Discovery
 - What properties should be described?
 - How to efficiently query against them?
- Composition
 - Specifying goals of a composition
 - Specifying constraints on a composition
 - Building a composition
 - Analysis of compositions
- Invocation
 - Keeping enactments separated
 - Providing transactional guarantees
- Monitoring
 - How to track enactments
 - Recovering from failed enactments

An old slide from SIGMOD tutorial [Hull-S. 04 SIGMOD Rec 05]

Primary focus of this tutorial

+ Data

Data for Services: A New Frontier

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Outline

- Application Needs
- "Legacy" Services
- "Programmable" Services
- Data Encapsulating Services
- Research Challenges
- Conclusions

Real Estate Property Management



Quick Links

- ▶ Property Value Notice
- Recent Home Sales
- Birth Certificate
- Property Search
- Marriage Certificate
- # FBN Search
- ▶ Death Certificate
- F Property Tax Programs
- F Grantor Grantee Index
- ₱ Polling Place/Sample Ballot Lookup







A Housing Management Bureau



500 workflow models 300,000 cases/year

中国北车股份有限公司
China CNR Corporation Limited

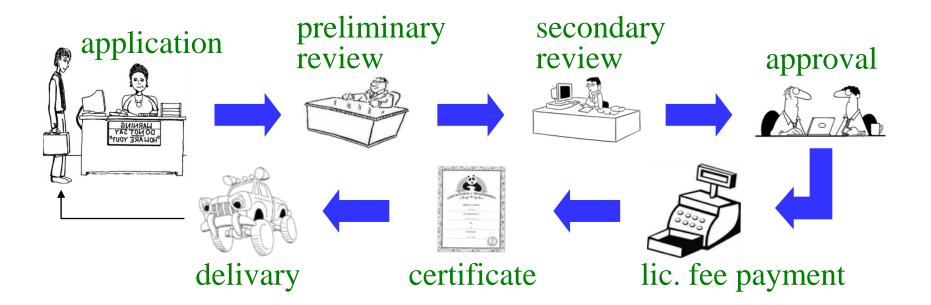
[Jin et al CoopIS 2011]



被投诉开发企业 投诉事宜 发布时间

Permit for Selling an Unbuilt Appartment

■ Obtaining a Permit

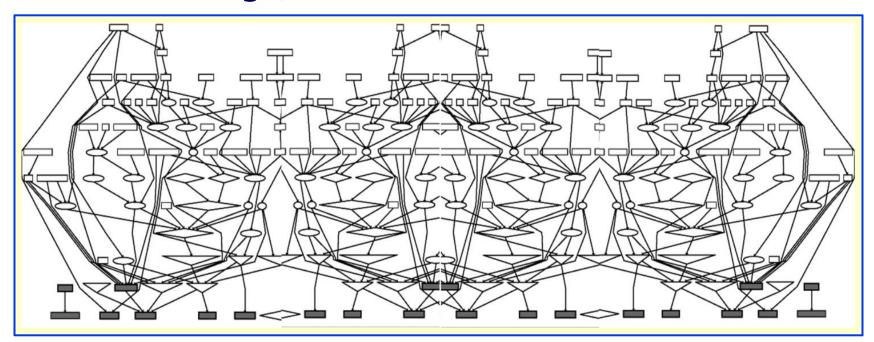


A Housing Management System

Ad hoc design, developed over time, patches, multiple technologies, ... a typical legacy system

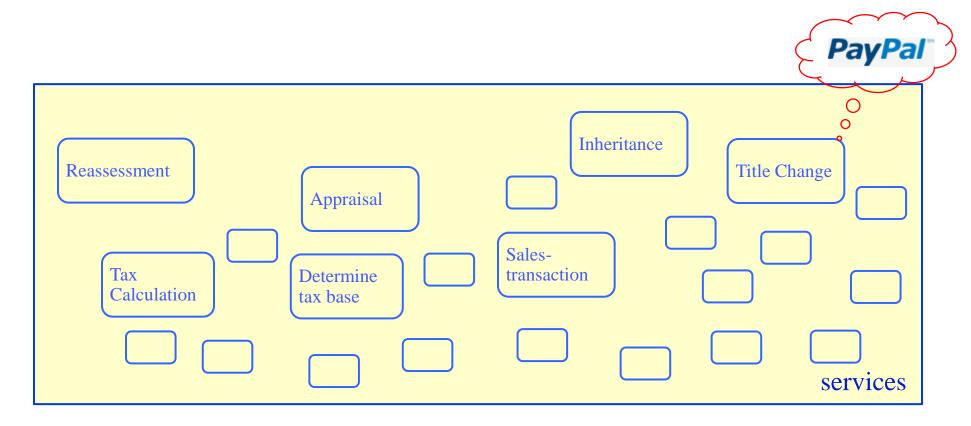
■ Problems:

- Embedded business logic, hard to learn
- hard to maintain, costly to add new functionality
- hard to change/evolve



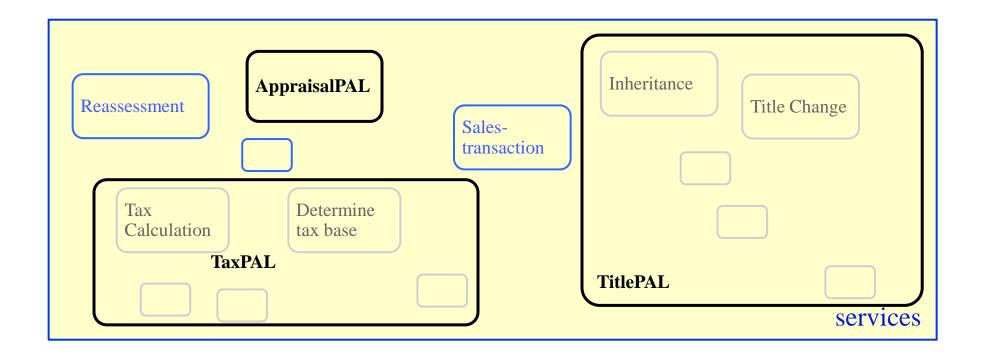
SOA Paints a Bright Picture, Scene 1 ...

- Services encapsulate system details and reflect business logic, easier to learn
- Easier to manage even if not technically
- New functions on top of services

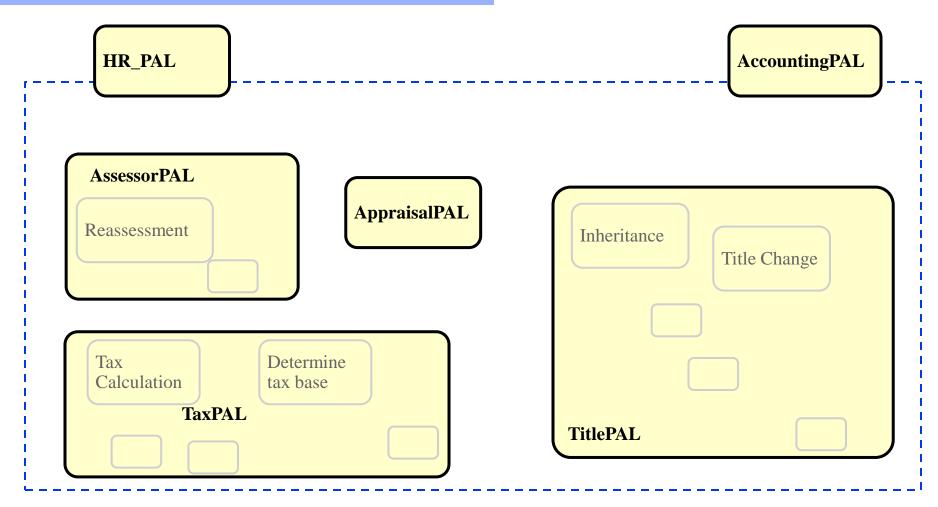


Scene 2: A World of "PAL"s, ...

 Organize into collections of services that may be offered to other cities



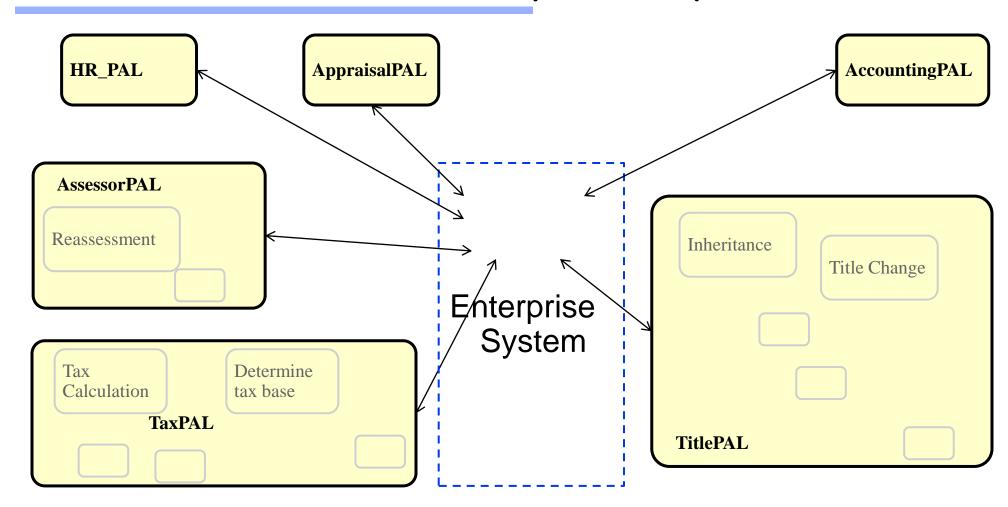
... Their PALs, or



Towards a goal of

Business Process as a Service (BPaaS)

Scene 3: Virtual Enterprise Systems

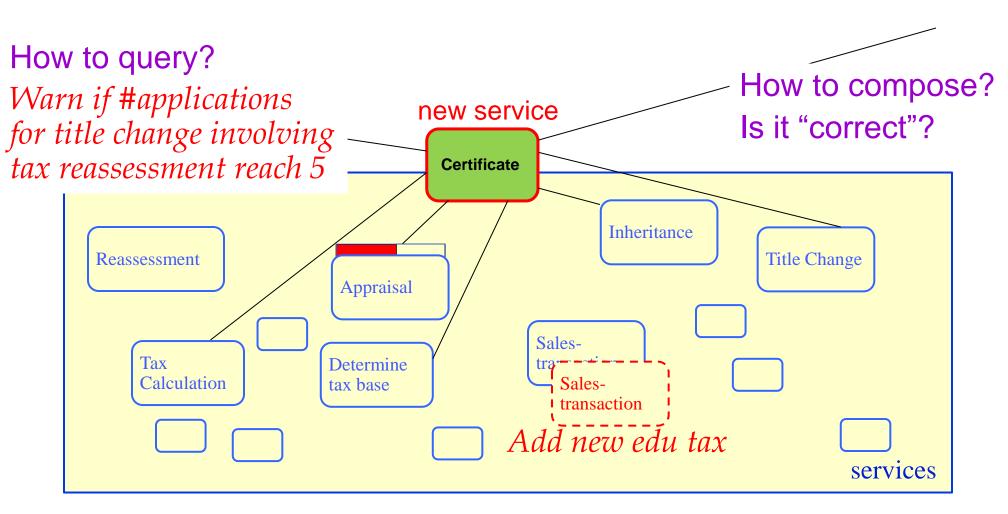


Towards a goal of

- Business Process as a Service (BPaaS)
- Enterprise may run virtual IT systems

What are technical issues?

Technical Issues



How to do transactions?

How to change & evole?

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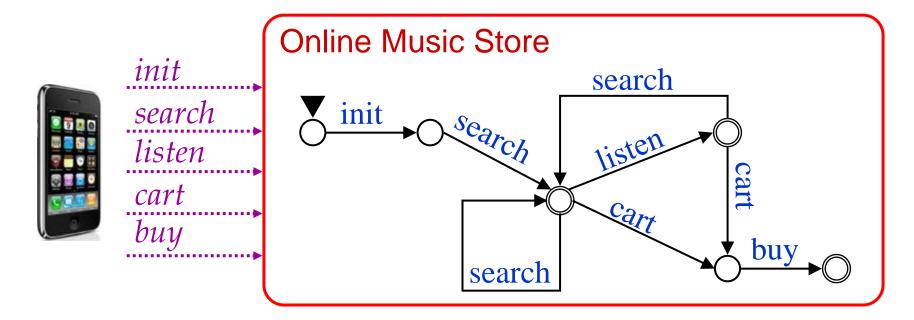
"Legacy" Services

- Services have states, but only finitely many
- Can be modeled with: finite state machines, process algebras, workflow nets (Petri nets), activity diagrams, state charts, ...
- Have been used in studying problems related to service composition
 - Automated design, e.g., Roman services
 - Verification
 - Optimization (e.g., QoS based)
- Wealth of knowledge, rich literature

[WWW, ICSOC, ICWS, SCC, SOCA, ...]

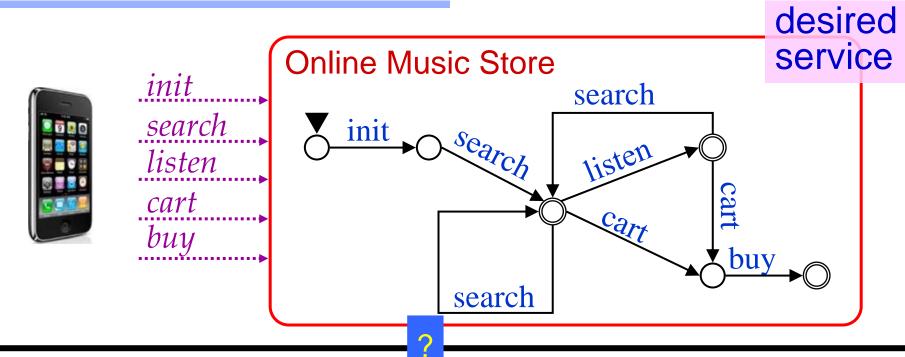
Roman Services

A service consists of activities with a finite state control

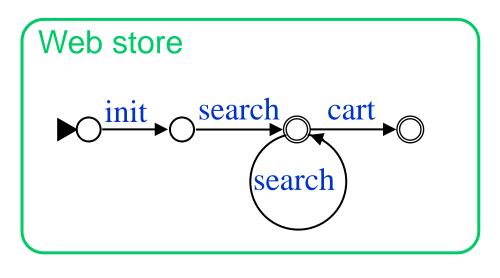


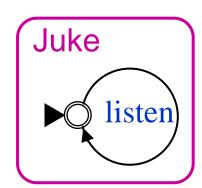
- Transitions labeled by activities
- For a given state, the out-edges represent the set of options that will be presented to the user

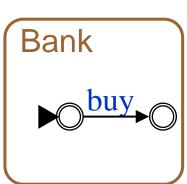
The Composition Problem



available services







Composition As a Delegator

Delegator:

a service annotated with delegations



search

··•

cart

search

Online Music Store

| Web | Search | Se

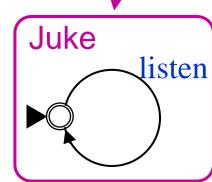
Available services

2 Web

Bank

Bank

Bank



buy ○

ICSOC 2012

Web store

2012/11/15

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Roman Service Composition

■ Problem:

Given a target Roman service and a set of Roman services, find a delegator if exists

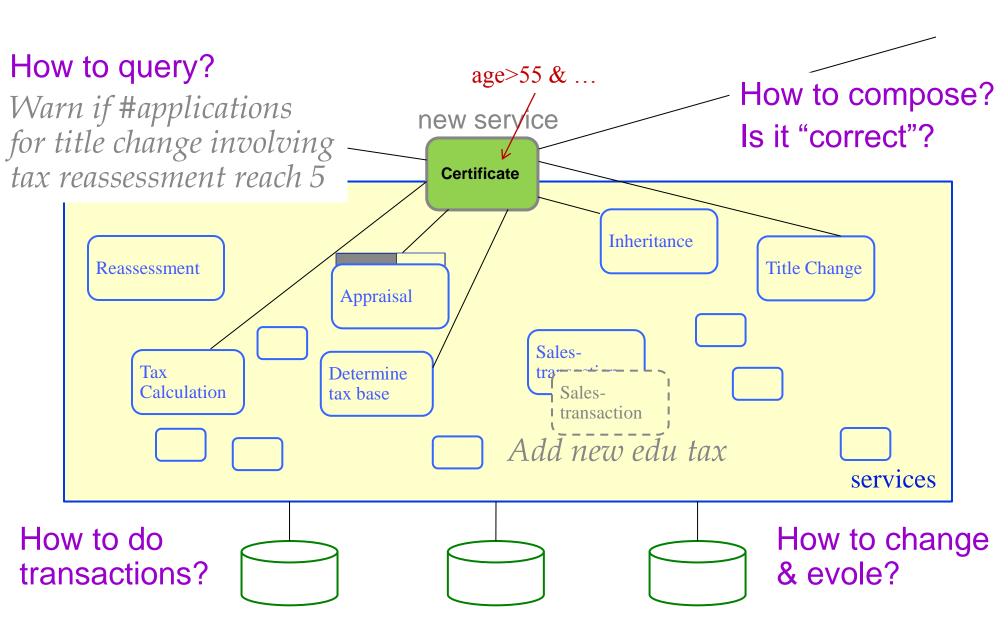
[Berardi-Calvanese-DeGiacomo-Lenzerini-Mecella ICSOC 03]

- Deterministic [Berardi-Calvanese-DeGiacomo-Lenzerini-Mecella ICSOC 03]
- Nontdeterminitic & Lookahead (batched)

[Gerede-Hull-Ibarra-S. ICSOC 04]

- May delegate more than once [Berardi et al ICSOC 04]
- With messages [Berardi-Calvanese-De Giacomo-Hull-Mecella VLDB 05]
- Online delegation [Gerede-Ibarra-Ravikumar-S. TCS 08]
- Use only a subset of services [Hassen-Nourine-Toumani ICSOC 08]

Legacy Services in Practice: Limited Applicability



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Service Programming: Data as Variables

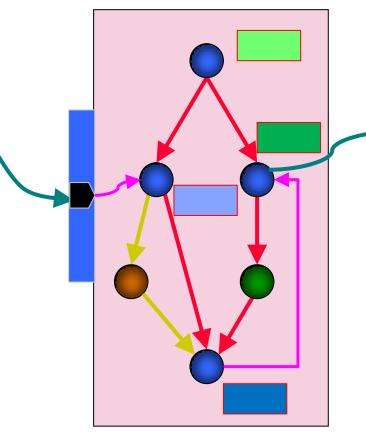
Roughly: finite states plus variables

Pragmatic approach

■ Examples: BPEL, jBPM, YAWL, ...

Design: Programming with services

Analysis/checking "correctness": well, undecidable



A BPEL Process

BPEL is Turing Complete

Before: b a

Current: b

After: *c a* ...

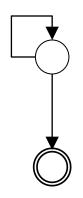
State: q

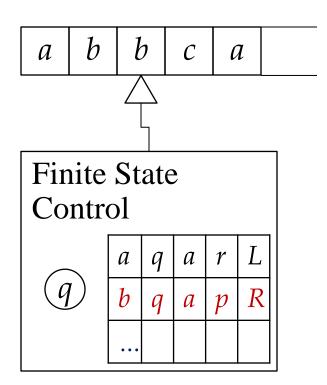
Before: a b a

Current: c

After: a ...

State: p

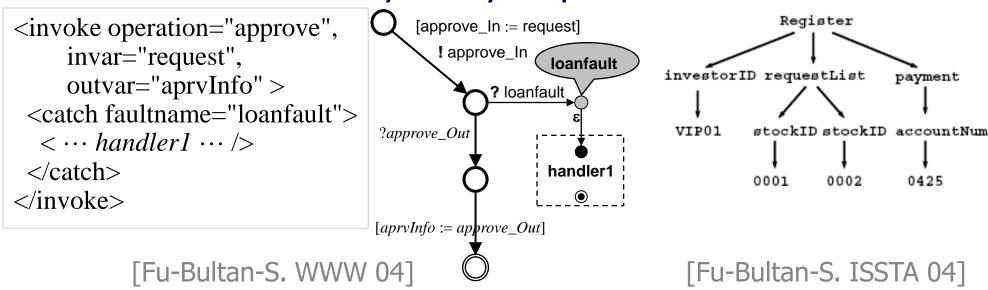




- BPEL can express all Turing computations
- Checking properties for standalone BPEL is not solvable
- Take a step back: finite state variables

"Finite State" Variables

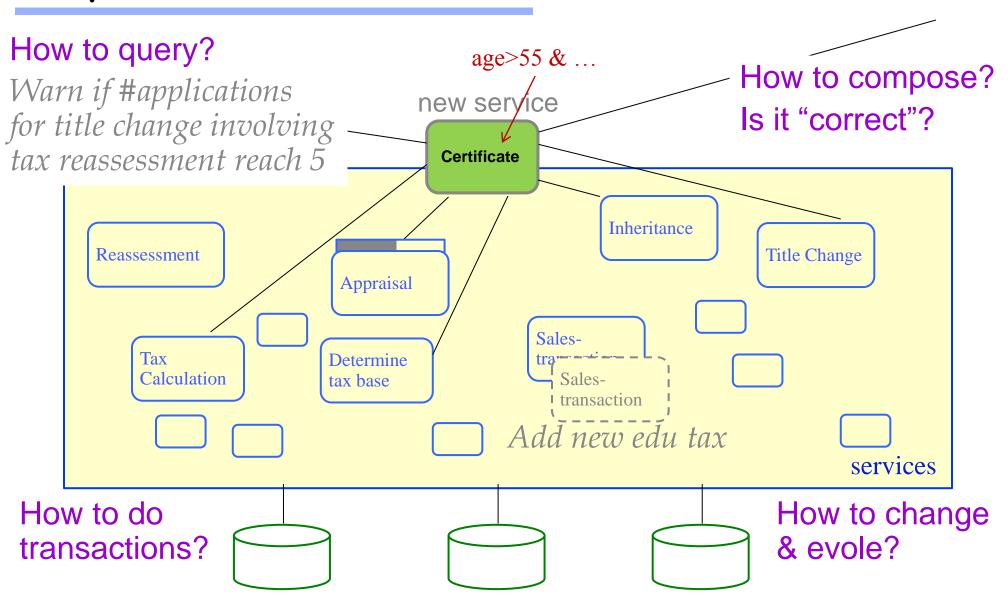
- BPEL control structure → a finite state machine
- XML Schema typed variables:
 - primitive types limited to a finite set of values
 - Structured: finitely many "repeats"



Can be improved with the "hyperplane" technique

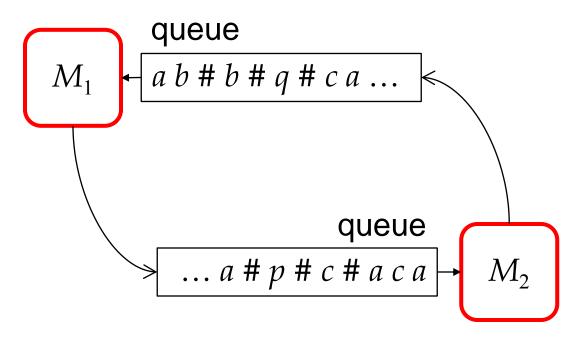
[Gerede-S. ICSOC 07]

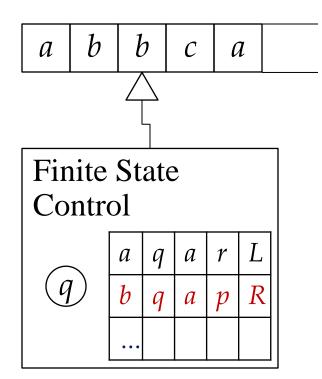
Helps, But Services Are Connected via Data



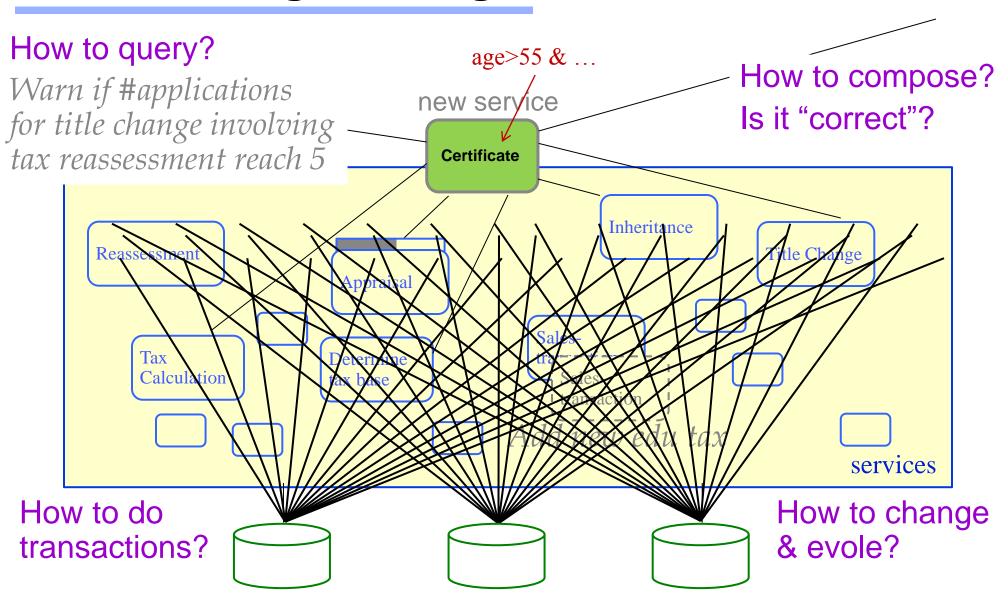
Collaborating BPEL Services

- Two finite state machines with input queues can simulate Turing machines [Brand-Zafiropulo JACM 83]
- Model checking BPEL services with queues and finite state variables is not solvable





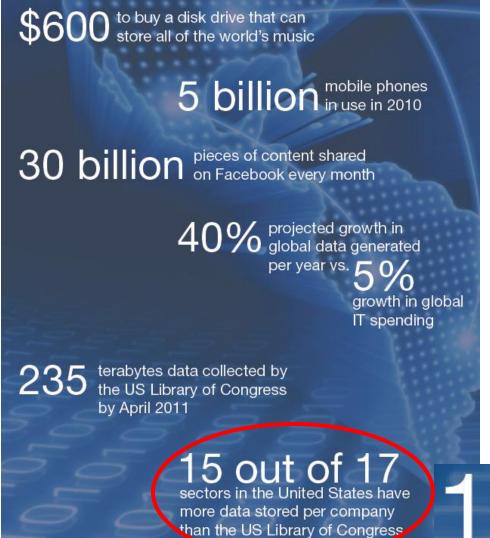
Service Programming is an Art



Current Practice

- Data and services are separately modeled, designed, managed
- The separation adds difficulties in design, execution, maintenance, changes
- In addition, many issues can't be addressed
 - Workflow transaction remains an art
 - Data consistency is a concern of DBMS even though violations are caused by service execution
 - ❖ Biz analytics is an after thought
 - Long tail phenomenon is a "holy grail"

Big Data—A Gowing Torrent



- Mckinsey Global Institute, June 2011: Big data: The next frontier for innovation, competition, and productivity
- Availability of "big data" brings opportunities for improving productivity

15 out of 17

sectors in the United States have more data stored per company than the US Library of Congress

Big Data + Biz Processes → Big Potential



US health care

- \$300 billion value per year
- ~0.7 percent annual productivity growth



Manufacturing

- Up to 50 percent decrease in product development, assembly costs
- Up to 7 percent reduction in working capital



US retail

- 60+% increase in net margin possible
- 0.5–1.0 percent annual productivity growth



Europe public sector administration

- €250 billion value per year
- ~0.5 percent annual productivity growth



Global personal location data

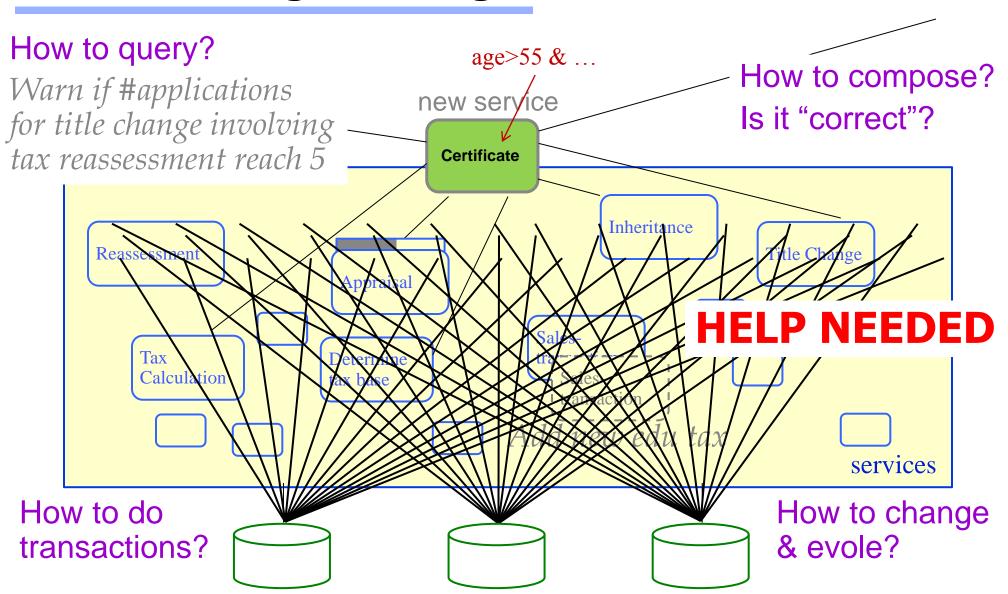
- \$100 billion+ revenue for service providers
- Up to \$700 billion value to end users

Source: MGI Analysis

Two observations

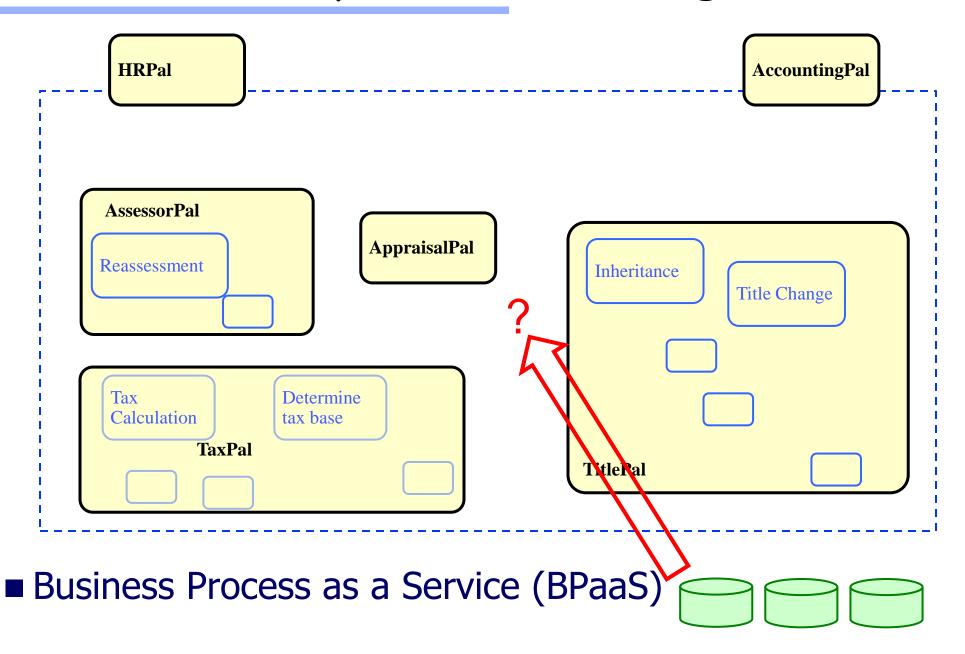
- A significant portion of big data generated by biz processes
- Productivity growth only obtainable via more efficient/effective biz processes

Service Programming is an Art

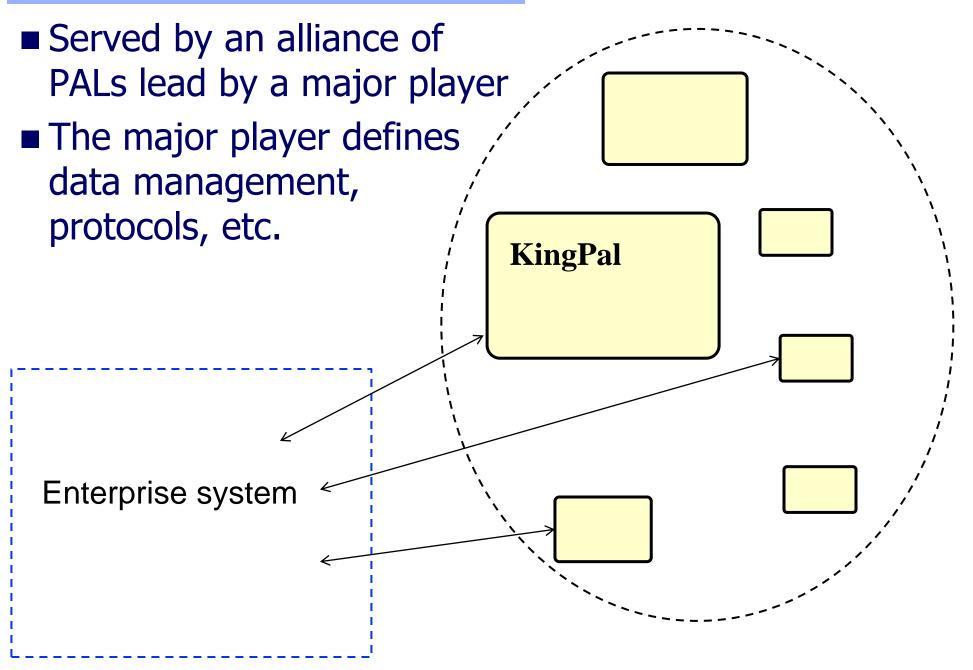


The real world is not too kind

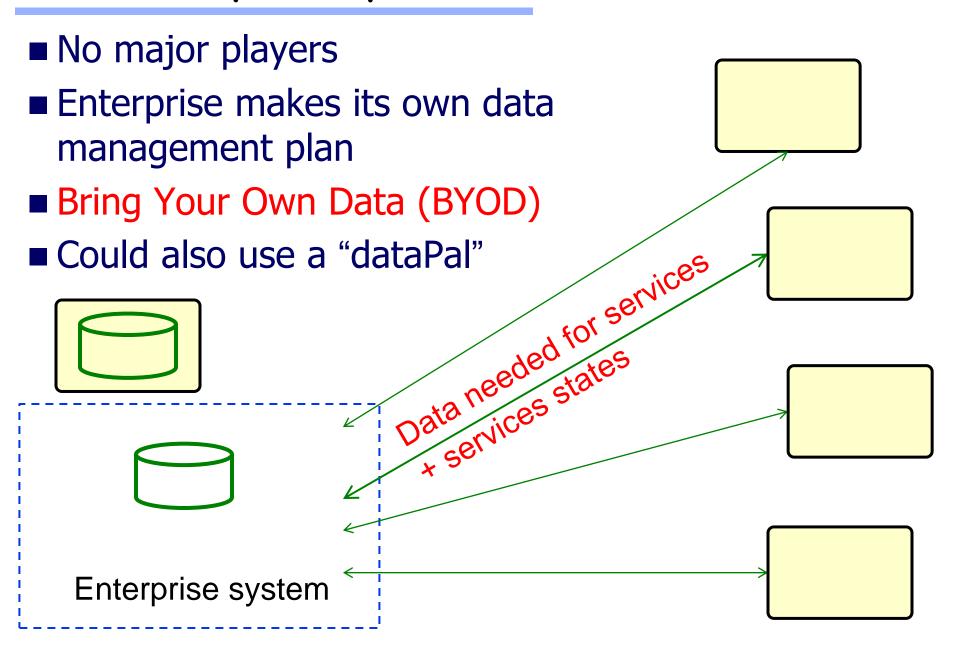
Needed: Enterprise Data Management



Possibility 1: Monopoly Model



Possibility 2: Open Market Model



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An Application Challenge

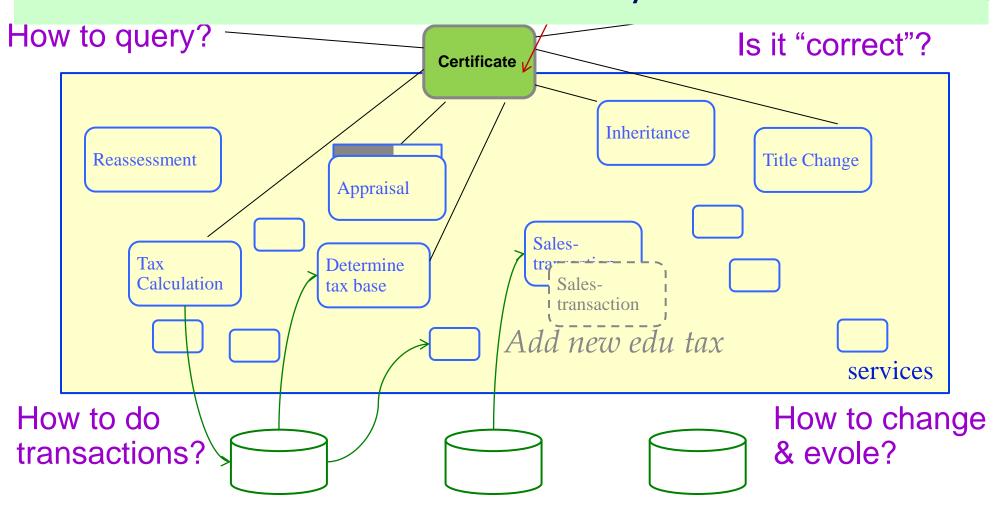
- What are appropriate models for both:
 - Enterprise data and management
 - Enterprise services inter-related through persistent data
- Must support
 - Composition design and analysis
 - Runtime service execution management
 - Transactions
 - Process evolution

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Services Aware of Data Management

- First attempt: services + persistent data + mappings
- Verbatim copy of the reality, not much help
- Services and data are not intimately related



Four Kinds of Data

- Business data essential for business logic
 - Examples: items, shipping addresses
- Enactment status: the current execution snapshot
 - Examples: order sent, shipping request made
- Resource usage and state needed for service execution
 - Examples: cargo space reserved, truck schedule to be determined
- Correlation between processes instances
 - Example: 3 warehouse fulfillment process instances for Jane's order
- Need models that include both control and data

Process Models & Data

Four classes of process models:

- Data abstraction models: data mostly absent
 - WF (Petri) nets, BPMN, UML Activity Diagrams, ...
- Data-aware models: data present (as variables), but storage and management hidden
 - BPEL, YAWL, ...
- Storage-aware models: schemas for persistent stores, mappings to/from data in BPs defined and managed manually
 - jBPM, ...
- Data encapsulting models: logical data modeling, automated modeling other 3 types, data-storage mapping
 - Business artifact-centric models

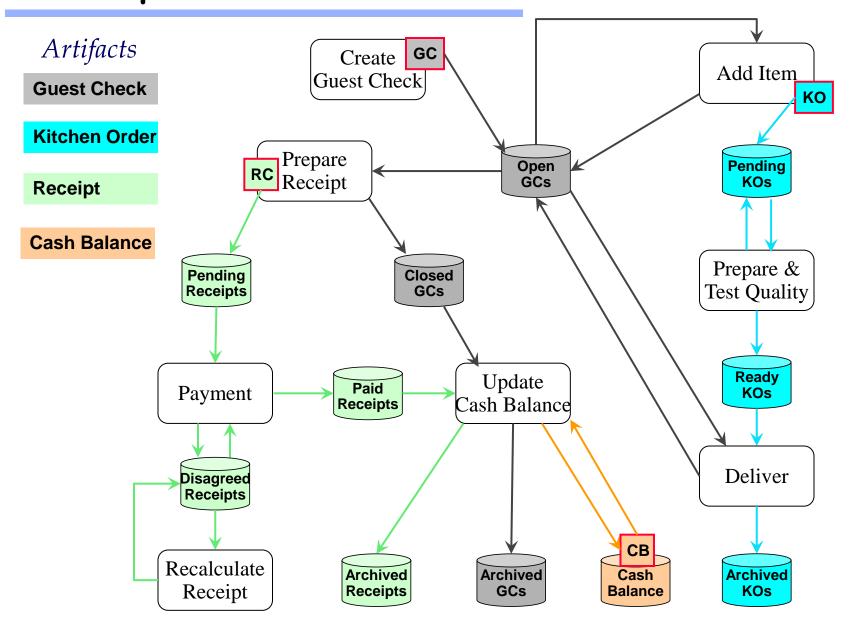
Business Artifacts

- A business artifact is a key conceptual business entity that is used in guiding the operation of the business
 - * fedex package delivery, patient visit, application form, insurance claim, order, financial deal, registration, ...
 - both "information carrier" and "road-maps"
- Technically, it includes two parts:
 - Information model: data needed to move through workflow
 - Lifecycle: possible ways to evolve
- ✓ Very natural to business managers and BP modelers

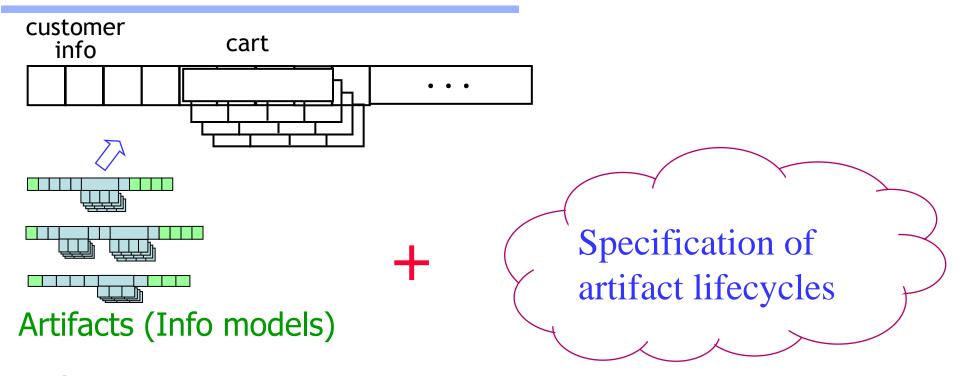
Example: Restaurant Processes







Artifact-Centric Biz Process Models

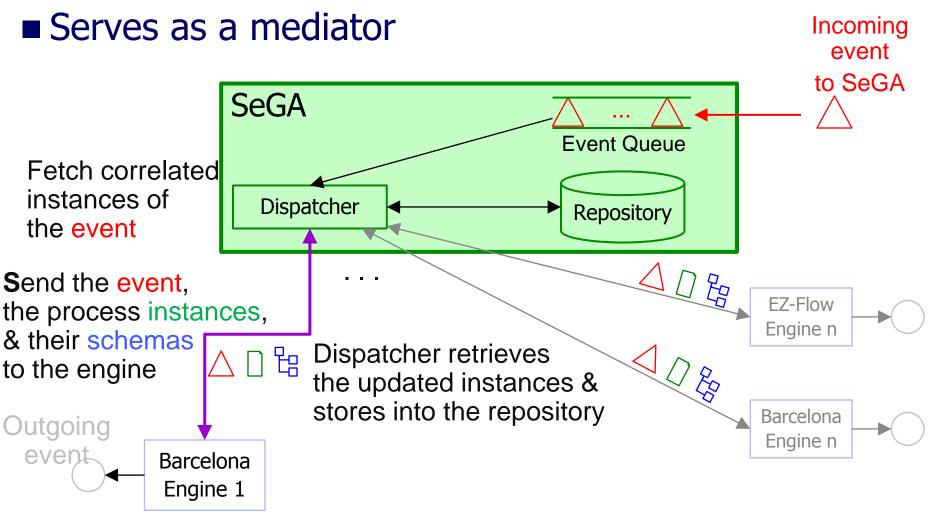


- ■Informal model [Nigam-Caswell IBM Sys J 03]
- ■Systems: BELA (IBM 2005), Siena (IBM 2007), EZ-Flow (ArtiFlow) (Fudan-UCSB 2010), Barcelona (IBM 2010)
- **■**Formal models
 - ❖ State machines [Gerede-Bhattacharya-S. SOCA 07][Gerede-S. ICSOC 07]
 - *Rules [Bhattacharya-Gerede-Hull-Liu-S. BPM 07][Hull et al WSFM 2010]

SeGA: A Service Wrapper/Mediator

[Sun-Xu-S.-Yang CoopIS 12]

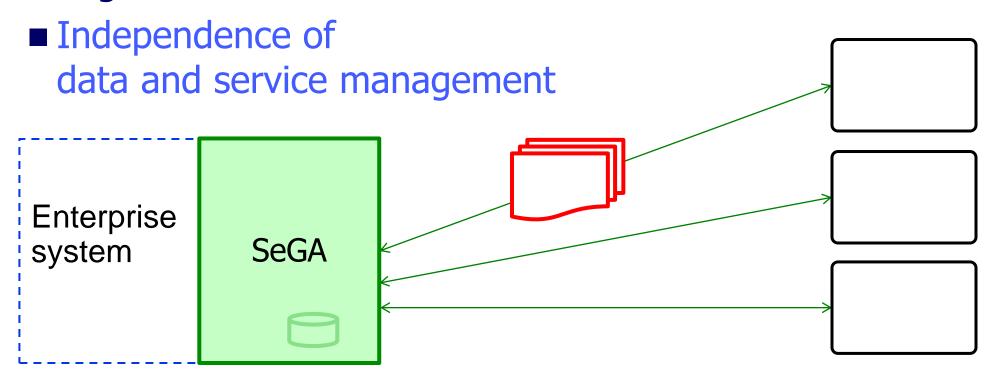
SeGA separates data from execution engine



Process the event, update the instances, & emit outgoing events

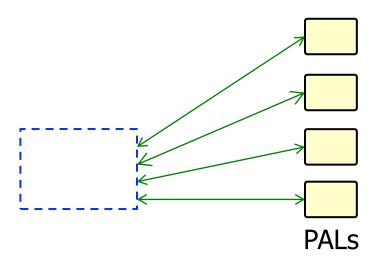
Data Encapsulating Services

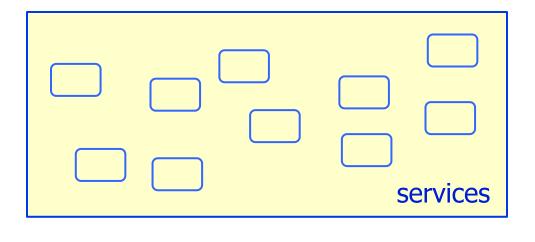
- Data package between SeGA & services:
 - Business data, enactment data, resource data, correlation data
- Data encapsulating services: Stateful services but the engine need not maintain state



Independence of D-S Management

- Freedom to change service and execution without altering data management
- Freedom to change data management without altering services
- The independence hides the differences between the worlds of *services* and *PALs*
 - Great start for some facinating research!





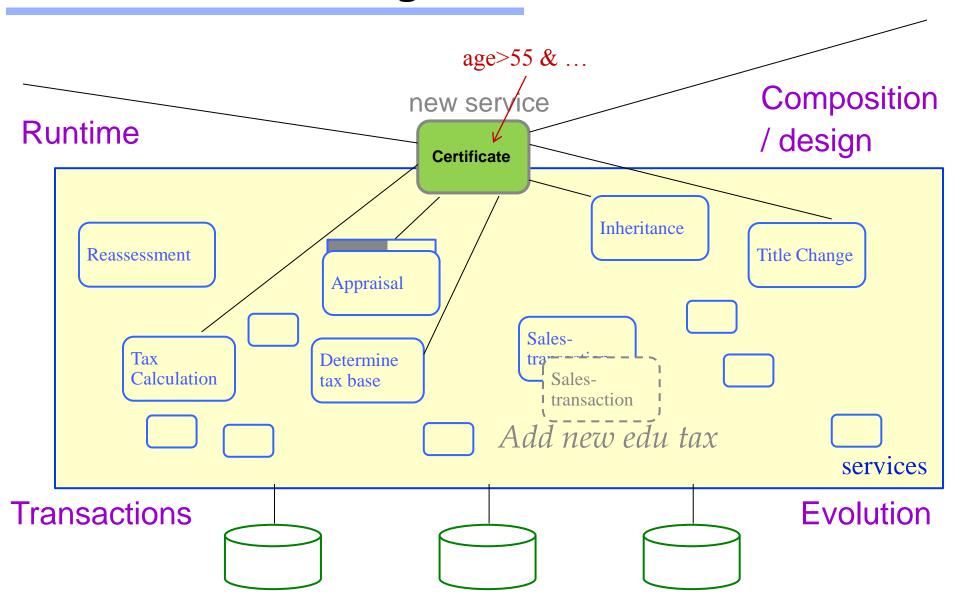
Towards a "Flat World" of Services

- SeGA is a first step but an ad hoc prototype more structured methodology needed
- Conceptual level:
 - More types of data? Resource models? Transaction issues?
 - Technical problems—four areas
- System level:
 - Architecture for data encapsulating services?
 - APIs for (non-)functional properties?
- Goal: a unified technical framework for services (biz processes and otherwise)

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Research Challenges



Research Challenges

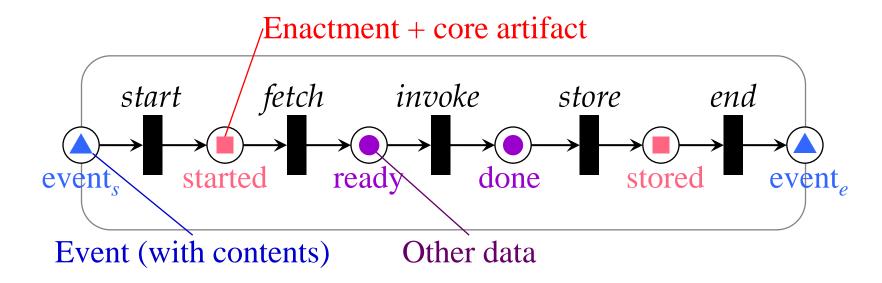
- Design: What are appropriate service designs? Choreography vs orchestration (Part II)? Design aid (analysis/model checking tool), interoperation
- Runtime: Enforcement of process/data constraints, KPI/monitoring techniques, resource planning and management
- Transactions: What is the notion of workflow transaction?
- Change/evolution: Process vs instance changes, long lasting vs temporary, longtail
- Big data: monitoring to analytics to change

Choreorgraphy For Artifacts

- Participants are processes represented by biz artifacts
 Partial information model visible
- Correlations between process instances (not just models)
- Data from artifacts used in specifying sequencing constraints
- A fragment of first-order linear time logic
- Detailed in the afternoon session [Sun-Xu-S. ICSOC 12]

Execution Semantics

■ Formal model (semantics) for task execution based on Petri nets



Represents data (input/output) requirements and carries enactments

[Xu-S.-Yan-Yang-Zhang CoopIS 2011]

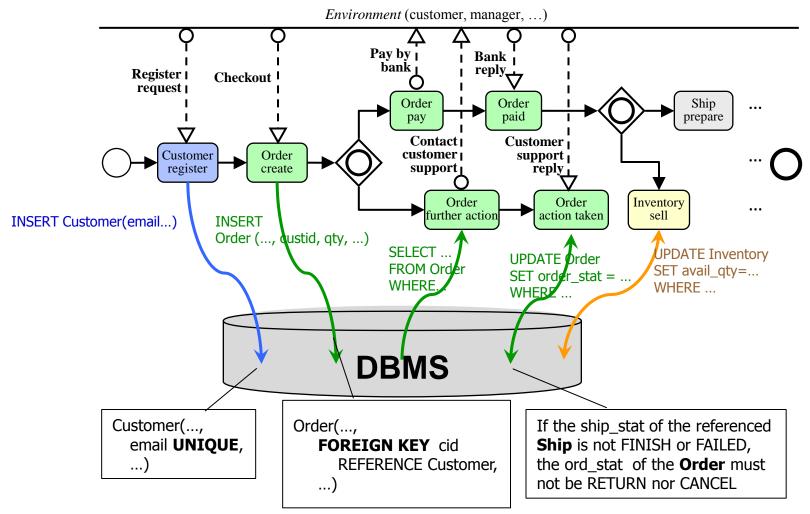
Artifact-Centric BPs are Easier to Change

- Biz process = biz artifacts = state machine lifecycle + BP change rules
- BP change rules conservatively extend workflow
 - Could be temporary, non-schematic
- Rules allow biz processes to respond to situations with many more options
- Estimated labor savings:
 - ♦ 9% for Hangzhou HMB (preliminary study) or 38 out of 400 FTEs

[Xu-S.-Yan-Yang-Zhang CoopIS 2011]

Workflow and Data Management

■ Integrity constraints (ICs): key in data management

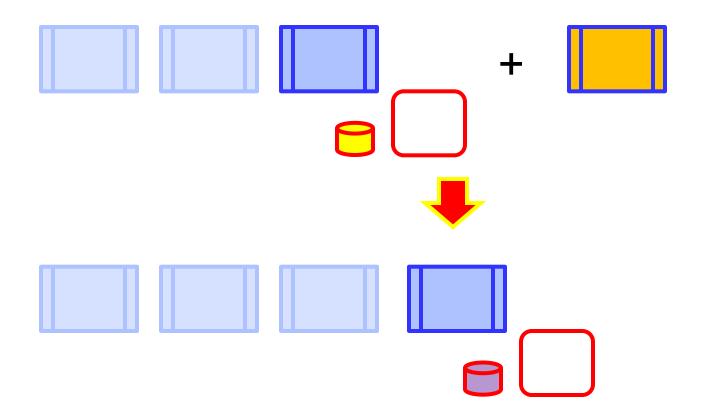


■ Many possible ways, our approach: Guard injection

[Liu-S.-Yang CoopIS 11]

Incremental (Runtime) Enforcement

- Logical properties: first order + linear time logic
- Execution snapshot: relational database



[De Masellis-S. 2012]

Research Challenges

- Design: What are appropriate service designs?
 Choreography vs orchestration (Part II)? Design aid (analysis/model checking tool), interoperation
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Conclusions

- Inclusion of data is critical to capture business logics into services
 - Data are not just variables; important to remember "persistence"
- Separation of data and service management is a promising approach (e.g., BYOD)
 - DSM independence
- Problems are more difficult, demand creative solutions!
 - Do we have alternatives?
- Scientific principles can and should guide engineering practice, but they don't have to speak the same buzz words

Acknowledgements

Helpful comments from:

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- Yutian Sun (UCSB)
- Jian Yang (Macquarie U)

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