Exploring Workflow Enactments through Querying Execution Logs

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Outline

Business Workflow and Analytics (=BI)

Classical Approach to BI

Workflow Logs

Exploration as An Example

Research Challenges

Business Processes & Workflow Management

A BP is an assembly of tasks to accomplish an objective
 & Eg: Obtaining a Permit



- Each workflow model matches a BP model
- Each workflow activity (□) is a software program that interfaces one task in the BP
- A WfM system manages executions, resources, documents, etc.

BP and Workflow: Another View



BP/Workflow: Change is Essential

- Causes of changes: policy/regulation change, environment change, market, improvements, . . .
- To incorporate changes, need to modify:
 - BP/workflow models
 - Databases
 - ♦ WfM systems
 - *...

Very hard problem but not the focus of here
To find opportunity for change from past executions
Business intelligence (BI)
Needs data, where are data?

An Example from Univ of California

- TC Travel Council oversees travel policies, programs, and travel related business services
- Allowing AirBnB: what steps in e.g., reimbursement are affected?
 - State funding
 - Federal funding
 - Gifts and donations
- Defined procedures in 10 campuses, 5 hospitals, & Office of President
- Actual practices vary, need to find from past cases, e.g. travel reimbursement
 - ? Where are data

BP and Workflow: Another View



Workflow execution generates a lot of data: biz data, execution status, resource usages, correlations,

Workflow Management System

(John Doe, 2017, UCORP meeting, Oakland, ...)



Where Are Data in WfM Systems

Typical architecture:

[van der Aalst-van Hee 2004] (Pre-architecture [Bussler 1997])



Logging often an option:

Workflow instance, activity (task), variables, ..., etc all logged separately, sometimes in difference dbs

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Traditional Approach to BI (Big Data)

Biz analytics (intelligence): Extract-Transform-Load



A Few Details on ETL-OLAP

- Typically, extract via relational queries (SQL, relational algebra, etc.) on other relational databases
 - Could be from other types
- Relational queries may be chained together and combined, results loaded into data warehouse
- The types of queries are predetermined:
 - What data to get
 - How data from different sources are combined
 - Fixed semantics and representations of data

Example: TaoMart

- Whole sales, dominant online sales
- Could like to do market predictions based on past sales
- Fact table: sales transactions
- Dimensions:
 - Shopper demographics
 - Locations
 - Seasons
 - Classifications of goods
 - Possible others
- OLAP: data cube operations

Does an excellent job for the types of queries, but...

Hospital Referring Example

[Tang-S. PED 17]



Weaknesses of ETL-OLAP

Analysis only limited to data extracted

- Hard to support exploration/ad hoc queries
- Loss of enactment information
 - Only some actions are represented in the loaded data
 - Temporal information is lost
 - Usually no correlations

When processes change, ETL must be reconfigured

Also, process mining techniques: no data

Traditional BI Framework is NOT Flexible



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A Framework for Flexible Process Analytics



Workflow Logs

Faithfully captures workflow executions Includes the following information workflow id workflow instance id *activity id *activity instance id timestamps *data (read/written) correlation information *...

Granularity of logging

Example Log: A Concrete Log Record

One log record per activity execution
 Logical timestamp based log sequence numbers

lsn	wid	is-lsn	task name	input map	output map
4	1	3	CheckIn	referId=034d1,referState=start,bal ance=1000	referState=acti ve
				<pre>Equivalent json: { "referId":"034d1", "referState":"start",</pre>	<pre>Equivalent json: { "referState":"activ }</pre>

"balance":1000

}

",

Log Records within One Instance

lsn	wid	is-lsn	task name	input map	output map
1	2	1	start	-	-
5	2	2	GetRefer	-	hospital="People Hospital", referId=022f3, referState=start,balance=2000
8	2	3	CheckIn	referId=022f3,referState=start, balance=2000	referState=active
13	2	4	SeeDoctor	referId=022f3, referState=active	-
14	2	5	UpdateRefer	referId=022f3, referState=active, balance=2000	balance=5000
17	2	6	SeeDoctor	referId=022f3, referState=active	-
18	2	7	PayFees	referId=022f3, referState=active	receipt1=4560, receipt1State=active
19	2	8	TakeTreatment	referId=022f3, receipt1=4560	-
20	2	9	GetReimburse	referState=active, balance=5000, receipt1=6560,receipt1State=active	amount=6560, balance=0, reimburse=5000, receipt1State=complete 21

Log Example: College Hospital Referring Application

lsn	wid	is-lsn	task name	input map	output map
1	1	1	start	-	-
2	2	1	start		-
3	1	2	GetRefer	-	hospital="Public Hospital", referId=034d1, referState=start, balance=1000
4	1	3	CheckIn	referId=034d1,referState=start,balance=1000	referState=active
5	2	2	GetRefer		hospital="People Hospital", referId=022f3, referState=start, balance=2000
6	3	1	start	-	-
7	3	2	GetRefer	-	hospital="Public Hospital", referId=048s1, referState=start, balance=500
8	2	3	CheckIn	referId=022f3,referState=start,balance=2000	referState=active
9	1	4	SeeDoctor	referId=034d1,referState=active	-
10	1	5	PayFeest	referId=034d1,referState=active	receipt1=560,receipt1State=active
11	1	6	SeeDoctor	referId=034d1, referState=active	-
12	1	7	PayFees	referId=034d1, referState=active	receipt2=460, receipt2State=active
13	2	4	SeeDoctor	referId=022f3, referState=active	-
14	2	5	UpdateRefer	referId=022f3, referState=active,balance=2000	balance=5000
15	1	8	GetReimburse	referState=active, balance=1000,receipt1=560, receipt1State=active, receipt2=460, receipt2State=active	amount=1020, balance=0, reimburse=1000, receipt1State=complete, receipt2State=complete
16	1	9	CompleteRefer	referState=active, balance=0	referState=complete

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[Tang-S. 17]

Find instance ids where activity UpdateRefer occurs before activity CheckIn

FOR INSTANCE L IN HospitalLog
SELECT X.wid
FROM UpdateRefer@L X, CheckIn@L Y
WHERE X << Y

Find the value of attribute balance where the activity GetRefer occurs before CheckIn with balance greater than 500 right after the getRefer activity

FOR INSTANCE L IN HospitalLog
SELECT X.wid, X.out.balance
FROM GetRefer@L X, CheckIn@L Y
WHERE X[balance>500] << Y

Incident Query Language

[Tang-S. 17]

- Basic query language implemented
- Optimization based on costs
- Preliminary evaluation study (on the cost most and optimization
- Still to do:
 - Multi-instance, multi-log queries
 - Aggregates

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Research Problems and Challenges

Workflow logs and (re-)construction

Query languages for workflow logs

Process mining with data

Application techniques and tools

Workflow Logs and (Re-)construction

No current standards on workflow logs/logging
Is there a universal model for logging?

Existing systems all have logging utility but

- Spread through several types of logs (activity, instance, variables, etc.)
- Sometimes incomplete
- It seems possible to construct workflow log from these logs, general tools and techniques?

Query Languages for Logs

Development of query languages

- Understanding the properties, expressiveness, usefulness, etc.
- Equivalence of log query languages
- Indexing and optimization techniques
- Aggregation? Multi-instances? Multi-log queries?

Process Mining with Data

- Existing process mining techniques not compatible with data
- Expressions in log query languages provide abstractions for data
 - Possibly combined with existing process mining algorithms

Application Techniques and Tools

- Many existing tools are developed for ad hoc environment
- Reporting tools, e.g.,
 - Ministry of Housing & Urban-Rural Development needs reports from local Housing Management agencies
 - Could be helped by reporting tools based on logs
- Medical fraud detection
- Staff training
- Many other possibilities

Conclusions

- Growing need for business intelligence beyond the traditional types (retail transactions)
- ETL-OLAP is limited
- Workflow logs lead to a general framework for business analytics
- Many research problems and challenges